

Period 5

Reformation – Specific Groups (1517 - 1648)

Lesson 21

English Protestantism – William Tyndale

Jonathan Wheatley

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Ism's Throughout the Periods of Church History

1. Early Ism's in the Apostolic Age (33 – 100)
2. Post – Apostolic to Constantine (100 – 312)
3. Constantine to Charlemagne (312 – 800)
4. Charlemagne to Luther (800 – 1517)
5. **Reformation – Specific Groups (1517 – 1648)**
6. Modern Denominationalism (1648 – 1880)
7. 19th Century Proliferation (1881 - Current)

Period 5.f. English Protestantism

1. Principle Character:

- William Tyndale (1494- October 6, 1536)
- Born in Gloucestershire, England
- Educated at Oxford & Cambridge
- Spoke seven languages fluently
- Tutor to Master Welch, knight
- 1522 Moved to London
- 1524 Moved to Hamburg, Germany



Period 5.f. English Protestantism - Tyndale

2. Principle Contributions:

- 1526 English New Testament
- 1530 English Pentateuch
- 1531 Book of Jonah
- 1535 Joshua – 2 Chronicles
- Balance given to John Rogers before his death
- Published as the Mathews Bible 1537



Period 5.f. English Protestantism - Tyndale

‘I perceived by experience how that it was impossible to establish the lay people in any truth, except the Scripture were plainly laid before their eyes in their mother-tongue, that they might see the process, order, and meaning of the text.’

Tyndale's Preface to the Pentateuch, 1530.

‘I call God to recorde agaynst the day we shall appeare before our Lord Jesus, to geue a reckenyng of our doynge, that I neuer altered one syllable of God's Word agaynst my conscience, nor would this day, if all that is in the earth, whether it be pleasure, honour, or riches, might be geuen me.’

Tyndale's Letter to Frith.



Lord, Open the King of England's Eyes"
October 6, 1536

1534 Edition – For Sale by
Felix Owens