

# Period 4

## Charlemagne to Luther (800 – 1517)

Lesson 13 Scholasticism

Jonathan Wheatley

October 7, 2018

# Ism's Throughout the Periods of Church History

1. Early Ism's in the Apostolic Age (33 – 100)
2. Post – Apostolic to Constantine (100 – 312)
3. Constantine to Charlemagne (312 – 800)
- 4. Charlemagne to Luther (800 – 1517)**
5. Reformation – Specific groups (1517 – 1648)
6. Modern Denominationalism (1648 – 1880)
7. 19<sup>th</sup> Century Proliferation (1881 - Current)

## Period 4.b. Scholasticism

1. References: The Four Books of Sentences, (Lombard) Five Ways (Aquinas) Apostolic Authority (Matt.16:18)
2. A satirical example of Deductive Reasoning:

## Period 4.b. Scholasticism

### 2. Essential Theory, Belief, or Practice:

- a. The use of Deductive Reasoning vs. the Inductive method. (Plato & Aristotle “ergo” with Catholic Theology)
- b. Placing the church “Fathers” on the same level of authority as the Scriptures. (Scotus)
- c. Unconditional submission to ecclesiastical authority “ I believe, that I may know” – (Anslem)

## Period 4.b. Scholasticism

### 3. Principle Characters:

- a. John Scotus Erigena (b. 800-810)
- b. Anselm of Canterbury (1033-1109)
- c. Peter Lombard (d.1160)
- d. Thomas Aquinas (1224-1274)

# Period 4.b. Scholasticism



John Scotus



Anselm of Canterbury



PETER LOMBARD



Thomas Aquinas

# Period 4.b. Scholasticism

## 4. Scriptural Refutation:

- a. **Neh. 8:8** So they read in the book in the law of God distinctly, and gave the sense, and caused *them* to understand the reading.
- b. **Ac. 17:10** And the brethren immediately sent away Paul and Silas by night unto Berea: who coming *thither* went into the synagogue of the Jews. **11** These were more noble than those in Thessalonica, in that they received the word with all readiness of mind, and searched the scriptures daily, whether those things were so.
- c. **2 Tim. 2:15** Study to shew thyself approved unto God, a workman that needeth not to be ashamed, rightly dividing the word of truth.